

and from the same places. So where the inspector got \$50, the captain got \$45 and the captain's \$45 really went "down-town," as Headquarters is designated in police parlance. Fox cannot tell with certainty, nor could he be any more positive that any of it ever reached any official in Centre street. His testimony along that line is merely hearsay.

The brother of a police officer, himself a former high police officer, is being enmeshed in the District-Attorney's investigation into the collection of a \$1,000 bribe fund to get George A. Sipp to flee from New York. Fox has told the District-Attorney that he was compelled from his small portion of the graft to disburse \$250 for this fund, and that the brother of the police official raised, ostensibly from his brother, the other \$750, which he delivered personally into the hands of a lawyer, who passed it along until it reached Sipp.

District-Attorney Whitman, who is working eagerly on this line of the case, declines to reveal how much evidence he has in hand, but it was rumored today that before this bribery investigation is ended more men than Attorney Edward J. Newell may have to face indictments.

It was revealed today that paragon alone has brought Capt. Walsh in such close proximity to an indictment for bribery. Fox, who swears he collected graft for Walsh, is not a commendable public benefactor. He was simply "caught with the goods" and he is telling what he knows to save himself from a long prison term. Fox, it was learned today, was perfectly willing to disappear conveniently on the eve of his trial for bribery, and there he would have been, had not the District-Attorney's financial recompense for him. Emancipates are said to have told a man whom his confession involves that if he would make it worth Fox's while the accused policeman would forfeit his \$5,000 cash bail and not go to trial. The money was not forthcoming, and Fox, realizing the hopelessness of his own case, pleaded guilty and confessed.

#### FOX REVEALS WHO PUT UP \$5,000 CASH BAIL.

In this connection Fox has told the District-Attorney who put up the \$5,000 cash bail on which he was freed from the Tombs after several bond companies had declined to act for him. This story is said to be most interesting in view of Fox's confession. While it was no crime to bail Fox out, the District-Attorney is following up on Fox's story of the real depositor of the bail bond. The trail, it is said, leads to a commissioned officer in the Police Department.

The narration of Fox's detailed confession was continued before Mr. Whitman today and Fox's statement will be put in affidavit form. It is said to be the most startling story of police graft ever told by one of the such confessions. Fox has already said that five years ago he was advised by Capt. Walsh to collect from disorderly houses and saloons in Harlem and that his monthly payments amounted to \$1,000 for two years. When Mayor Gaynor tested his saloon rules, the entire graft was taken away from him and put into the hands of a man who is said to have told Harlem saloonkeepers he was acting for an inspector. This it is said, was Fox's collection down to \$1,000 a month. He was always permitted to retain 10 per cent. of his collection, amounting to \$100 a month for the last two years and 100 a month for the last three years, in addition to his salary as a policeman.

When Fox was transferred to the One Hundred and Fifty-second street precinct he had to use his own efforts to collect in the East One Hundred and Twenty-third street precinct. He declares he thought he ought to have more money and asked for a \$5 per cent. "kick," but was turned down hard and told to go on getting the money at 10 per cent.

In his investigation into the part inspectors played in collecting graft in Harlem, District-Attorney Whitman has the sworn statements of George A. Sipp and Thomas J. Doran that, in addition to the \$250 a month they paid to Fox, they paid \$50 a month to a plainclothes policeman, who represented to them that he was the collector for an inspector whom Fox has named.

#### INSPECTOR SWEENEY CONFERS WITH WALDO AT LONG BEACH.

Inspector Sweeney visited Police Headquarters today. He was for a long time in private conference with Commissioner Waldo and he didn't look any too cheerful when he left the building and started back to his office in the West One Hundred and Twenty-third street station.

Commissioner Waldo has taken no action on Fox's confession. His only information about what Fox has said is to graft collections comes from the newspapers. The District-Attorney has not notified him through official sources.

Immediately as District-Attorney Whitman asked the Police Commissioner to suspend the police trial of Fox on grafting charges until the court proceedings are finished, the Commissioner doesn't know what to do. He is sure, however, that Sweeney will not remain long in charge of the Harlem inspection district.

Police surgeons have reported to Commissioner Waldo that Capt. Walsh is a very sick man and that the chances are against his recovery from the complaint with which he is afflicted. Although the District-Attorney has information that Walsh is not as ill as he is supposed to be, it is the common belief at Headquarters that the captain will not live to stand trial in the event of his indictment.

#### NEW YORKERS CLAIM GEMS.

Believe that Diamonds Found in Old Bags Be Theirs.

CORNWALL, Ont., Feb. 5.—Claimants for the valuable diamonds found recently in a bundle of old bags sent from New York by girls in the sorting room of a paper mill here are beginning to be heard from.

One claimant today was Mrs. W. B. Lawson of Central Park West, New York City, who wrote that last summer she lost a pink bag containing jewelry from her summer cottage at Sea Cliff, L. I.

Another is Lieut. J. T. Abbott of the New York City Fire Department, who says his sister-in-law lost jewelry to the value of \$2,000 while house-cleaning last June.

World wants work wonders.

## CONFESION FALSE, BOMB MAKER NOW FLATLY DECLARES

Farrell, Irrational After Arraignment, Contradicts All His Previous Stories.

SAYS HE WAS BADGERED.

Denies Killing Mrs. Herrera, Also Sending Bombs to Rosalsky and Grace Walker.

John Paul Farrell today repudiated his confession that he was the maker and sender of the bombs which killed Grace Walker and Mrs. Bernardo Herrera and narrowly missed killing Judge Otto Rosalsky. He was arraigned before Coroner Healy in the Bronx and remanded to the Tombs to await trial on the homicide charge.

Farrell, hair rumpled and gaunt features drawn in the stamp of fatigue, went from his Tremont avenue cell to the Coroner's court shackled to the wrist of Lieut. Clark of the Bronx Detective Bureau and followed by a morbid crowd. The janitor paid not the least attention. His whole attitude during the brief proceedings was one of listless inattention.

The short affidavit upon which he was held made mention only of the murder of Mrs. Herrera last Sunday night; nothing was said in it of the killing of Grace Walker or the attempt upon the life of Judge Rosalsky.

After Coroner Healy had remanded Farrell to the Tombs Assistant District-Attorney Breckinridge questioned the man for nearly an hour. During this examination Farrell repudiated everything that had been given out by the police yesterday as constituting his confession, saying that he had never known Grace Walker, had no animus against Judge Rosalsky that would prompt his sending a bomb to the judge's home and denying flatly that he had made the bomb that killed Mrs. Herrera.

The prisoner, whose irrational manner became more pronounced as he grew excited in his defense, said the detectives had badgered him every minute of twenty-four hours, and finally had said what he thought they wished him to say. Breckinridge was convinced of Farrell's inept incipient insanity.

#### STORY OF THE ROSALSKY BOMB IS DISCREDITED.

Farrell's story of the Rosalsky bomb is discredited. He said he mailed it, by express, to the Tombs, and that the postmaster of station 22, in West One Hundred and Second street, was on the package before its explosion in the judge's library on the night of March 14.

A Taylor bomb and the first Rosalsky bomb, as far as the experts could judge, from the fragments together. They were pieces of shrapnel containing nitroglycerine, furnished by a tiny electric battery from a pocket flashlight. But the second bomb sent to Judge Rosalsky a week afterward and intercepted by the police, was a different matter. It was a bomb of the type used by the Deputy Commissioner Dougherty of the Bronx. Typewritten addresses on both of last year's bombs are important factors in the possible identification of their maker.

A typewriter was placed before Farrell in Police Headquarters and he was asked to write the addresses. He refused to do so. He made friends with the boys, but never said anything out of the way to me.

I bought a machine from a second-hand man for \$25. It was Farrell's first story. Next he said a boy in the house where he made the bomb, there was an old machine and he appropriated that.

BOYS ALL THOUGHT THAT FARRELL WAS CRAZY.

A reporter found the boy who evidently was in Farrell's mind. He is Joseph Farrell, fifteen, who lived formerly in the apartment house at No. 318 East Fourteenth street, where Farrell said he made the bomb.

"We thought Farrell was crazy," said young Farrell at his present home, No. 12 West Twentieth street.

"I suppose he had my machine in mind. It was the only one in the building, I'm sure—and so old and badly broken that it could not possibly be used. Farrell never had a chance to use it, but he knew I had it. He made friends with the boys, but never said anything out of the way to me."

But in the Bronx charges of delinquency are made against Farrell by two boys who were held yesterday in the Children's Court as possible material witnesses in the Herrera case.

#### CHARLESTON ENTRIES.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Feb. 5.—The entries for to-morrow's races are as follows:

FIRST RACE—Purse: \$200; two-year-olds; selling; five-furlongs at a mile.—Miss Gayle, 102; Mabel, 104; Aladdin, 105; Bat, 106; Magna Stella, 107; Red Hawk, 108; Helen, 110; Stratford Avenue, 112; Grouse, 113; and 114.

SECOND RACE—Purse: \$200; three-year-olds and up; selling; five and a half furlongs.—Whitton, 102; Jeannette, 104; Helen, 105; and 106.

THIRD RACE—Purse: \$200; four-year-olds and up; selling; five furlongs.—Mabel, 104; Aladdin, 105; Bat, 106; Magna Stella, 107; Red Hawk, 108; Helen, 110; Stratford Avenue, 112; Grouse, 113; and 114.

FOURTH RACE—Purse: \$200; three-year-olds and up; selling; six furlongs.—Early Light, 102; Mabel, 104; Aladdin, 105; Bat, 106; Magna Stella, 107; Red Hawk, 108; Helen, 110; Stratford Avenue, 112; Grouse, 113; and 114.

FIFTH RACE—Purse: \$200; three-year-olds and up; selling; six furlongs.—Early Light, 102; Mabel, 104; Aladdin, 105; Bat, 106; Magna Stella, 107; Red Hawk, 108; Helen, 110; Stratford Avenue, 112; Grouse, 113; and 114.

SIXTH RACE—Purse: \$200; three-year-olds and up; selling; six furlongs.—Early Light, 102; Mabel, 104; Aladdin, 105; Bat, 106; Magna Stella, 107; Red Hawk, 108; Helen, 110; Stratford Avenue, 112; Grouse, 113; and 114.

SEVENTH RACE—Purse: \$200; three-year-olds and up; selling; six furlongs.—Early Light, 102; Mabel, 104; Aladdin, 105; Bat, 106; Magna Stella, 107; Red Hawk, 108; Helen, 110; Stratford Avenue, 112; Grouse, 113; and 114.

EIGHTH RACE—Purse: \$200; three-year-olds and up; selling; six furlongs.—Early Light, 102; Mabel, 104; Aladdin, 105; Bat, 106; Magna Stella, 107; Red Hawk, 108; Helen, 110; Stratford Avenue, 112; Grouse, 113; and 114.

NINTH RACE—Purse: \$200; three-year-olds and up; selling; six furlongs.—Early Light, 102; Mabel, 104; Aladdin, 105; Bat, 106; Magna Stella, 107; Red Hawk, 108; Helen, 110; Stratford Avenue, 112; Grouse, 113; and 114.

TENTH RACE—Purse: \$200; three-year-olds and up; selling; six furlongs.—Early Light, 102; Mabel, 104; Aladdin, 105; Bat, 106; Magna Stella, 107; Red Hawk, 108; Helen, 110; Stratford Avenue, 112; Grouse, 113; and 114.

## Society Woman Whose Testimony Is Expected to Acquit Husband

MRS. FREDERICK O. BEACH.



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## TRUST IN ATTACK ON INJUNCTION ASKS TO VACATE IT

(Continued from First Page.)

Later, they claimed, the contracts could come back to the Commission and be finally signed by such of the Commissioners as favored them. Judge McCall having declared that he wanted time to look into the whole subway question before he acted.

It is understood that certain members of the Commission have received the identical advice that is covered in the statement of Judge McCall upon the immediate approval of the contracts.

When will you qualify as the new chairman? was asked of Judge McCall.

"It will depend entirely upon the completion of my work here, which you can observe for yourself is extensive," he replied.

"But I am pushing it to the limit as rapidly as possible, with the intention when that work is completed, without regard to any other feature of the situation, to immediately file oath and take office. I received my commission from Governor Sulzer late last night, and I expect, from present indications, to be able to qualify some time to-morrow."

In the apparent hope that "somebody in authority" would tell them to go ahead and vote their approval of the contracts, notwithstanding the injunction, and leave it to the new chairman to sign them, the commission jockeyed all day, taking short adjournments. The first one was from 11 o'clock in the forenoon to 12:30 o'clock in the afternoon.

There was apparently some hitch in the program at the second meeting, for nothing was done, so another adjournment was taken until 3:30 o'clock.

After each meeting a reporter for The Evening World repeated his request to an executive officer of the Commission for copies of the proposed subway contracts which deal with a public question.

Not only were copies of the contracts refused, but all inspection of them was denied upon the ground that the contracts were in the possession of the local department of the Commission.

These are the contracts which three members of the Commission—Messrs. Wilcox, Kistis and Williams—were ready to approve yesterday. Although the contracts are in the possession of the Commission and have been in its hands for many hours, they are held secret and private, although dealing with a public question in which 5,000,000 citizens are directly interested.

"Where are these contracts now?" was asked of Travis H. Whitney, secretary of the Commission, who is acting under orders of the majority trio of Commissioners.

"In the neighborhood of two hundred printed copies of the six proposed forms of contracts—three with the Interborough Rapid Transit Company and three with the Municipal Railroad Corporation—were delivered yesterday at the office of the commission," replied Mr. Whitney. "Two of the contracts deal with the operation of the dual system of subways and four deal with elevated track-trading and extensions."

"Can you furnish a representative of The Evening World with copies of these contracts?"

"Not at present," was the answer, evasively, with reluctance from Mr. Whitney. "Pending a careful examination of

these printed copies, to make sure there were no printing errors, the counsel for the Commission, who has them, has not turned them over to the Commission approved as to form. Until he does that, and the Commission receives them at a public meeting, they are not available for distribution."

"When will they be available for the public?"

"As soon as these things take place," was the answer.

"What change will be made for copies to citizens who may desire to take them away for careful examination?"

"Persons who have an interest of any sort in the contracts," said the secretary, "will be able to get copies gratis upon application. The customary charge is \$1 each for the contract."

OFFICIAL EXPLANATION OF WHY SECRET IS KEPT.

Following the request of The Evening World for copies of the contracts, LeRoy T. Harkness, assistant counsel to the Public Service Commission, made the following dictated statement:

Printed copies of the forms of the contracts have been delivered to me, but they cannot be transmitted to the Commission until after a careful final reading to make sure there are no substantial errors in printing.

General Counsel George S. Coleman also said that he could not give out copies of the public contracts. Mr. Coleman was asked about the injunction against the commission restraining it from executing the subway contracts.

"It does not enjoin the Commission from approving the contracts," he said. "The Commission could approve the contracts, and send them over to the Board of Estimate. There they could come back here later for final execution."

BROOKLYN MEN URGE McCALL TO TAKE JOB AT ONCE AND STOP DEAL.

The People's Subway Committee of Brooklyn, of which Register E. T. O'Loughlin is the guiding spirit, has been urged to camp on the trail of E. E. McCall, the new Public Service Commissioner, before he takes office.

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the People's Subway Committee, held today, a committee of ten was appointed to call on Mr. McCall and urge him to qualify at once in order to prevent the consummation of the operating contracts between the city and the two traction companies.

The committee is made up of Mr. O'Loughlin, Maxine Marie John J. Hyman, Cornelius M. Sheehan, Philip J. Kelly, Levi Gallagher, Herman N. Hansen, Walter B. Atterbury, Charles J. Stengle and Bernard Nolan. An appointment with Mr. McCall has been sought for the purpose of allowing the committee to take his place in the Public Service Commission at once and thus spoil the plan of Chairman Wilcox to have the contracts signed and the city board before the termination of Mr. Wilcox's term of office by the qualification of his successor.

Rockefeller Buys Land.

ROCKEFELLER BANK, N. Y., Feb. 5.—John D. Rockefeller has purchased 120 lots comprising the Faywood Park property, adjoining his estate on Ridge avenue. This will make a valuable acquisition to Mr. Rockefeller's holdings at Lakewood, Mr. Rockefeller, a New York broker, today purchased from Miss Anna Norris the old Joseph Patterson place of forty-two acres on the north side of the Shawanago River, in Middletown Township, for \$30,000.

"C Q"

A new Serial Story of Love and Thrills by Arthur Train, one of the best-known present-day writers of thrilling adventure, now running in the "Liquor Dealers of State" section of the Sunday World.

## SPOTS LIKE BLOOD ON BEACH'S KNIFE COURT IS TOLD

Mayor of Aiken Gives Testimony Against New York Clubman at Trial.

PROSECUTION CLOSES.

Mrs. Beach First Witness for the Defense Is Plan of the Prisoner's Lawyers.

AIKEN, S. C., Feb. 5.—The prosecution this afternoon closed its case against Frederick O. Beach, New York millionaire on trial for alleged assault on his wife here last February. Prosecutor Hunter made the announcement shortly before the luncheon recess was ordered.

Defense counsel refused to say who would be their first witness this afternoon. It was believed that Mrs. Beach herself will be first called, then Miss Marion Hollins, and that Beach would not take the stand until the defense was ready to close. Attorneys said it was possible that the defense would be completed before adjournment today, it was believed, however, that the case would not be formally submitted to the jury until to-morrow as Judge Spain has arranged for the jurors to visit the Turner cottage where the assault occurred.

More light was thrown on the methods employed to investigate the assault upon Mrs. Beach during examination of the prosecution's witnesses at the trial today. Mayor Herbert E. Graves of Aiken told of numerous conferences with the Beaches within a few days after the assault. He said Mrs. Beach was still in bed suffering from the effects of the wound in her throat, but that she answered questions freely and made some suggestions.

The witness admitted that Beach gave him every assistance and proposed the employment of a negro detective to assist the white detectives on the case, sending him a check for the purpose. The Mayor said the money never was used.

On the night of the assault Beach told Rural Policeman Holly, according to the testimony of the latter today, that Mrs. Beach had lost a pair of treasured earrings valued at \$400 or \$500. Subsequently the earrings were found in the side yard of the Beach home and turned over to the Mayor, who examined them and declared that in his opinion they were past.

BEACH'S DIAMOND STUDDED KNIFE PRODUCED.

Beach's diamond-studded penknife was an object of much interest and close scrutiny by the jury when it was offered in evidence. Mayor Giles said Beach gave it to him on request about three weeks after the assault, and later he turned it over to Dr. D. Hastings Wyman Jr. for microscopic examination.

Dr. Wyman testified that he had examined the knife under a glass and had discovered what he believed to be blood stains. This view was sustained, he said, by the opinion of Dr. Boyden Mims, an analyst of Columbia, to whom he submitted the knife.

The prosecution offered in evidence a report from Dr. Mims declaring that in his opinion a number of stains appearing on the knife were blood cells. It was admitted, however, that the tests were microscopic and not chemical.

On cross examination Dr. Wyman admitted that he had taken the knife to an Augustus expert, Dr. Partridge, before submitting it to Dr. Mims. He said that Dr. Partridge examined the knife, but declined to express an opinion.

"Didn't Dr. Partridge tell you that he couldn't find any trace of blood?" demanded Col. Henderson.

"If I remembered that he did I'd say so," replied Dr. Wyman.

"Didn't Dr. Partridge cut his finger and put it on a blade of the knife in order to make comparative tests?"

"I didn't know it if he did," Dr. Wyman said that he told Dr. Partridge when he took the knife to him that the "happiness of great many people depended on whether there was any blood on it or not."

Sheriff Howard was recalled by Prosecutor Hunter to continue his testimony as to tracks in the flower bed of the Beach yard which he said Beach pointed out to him several days after the assault.

"Mr. Beach said the negro who struck his wife ran across that flower bed," the witness explained. "However, I had seen those tracks the day before, and had heard E. Hotter, a rural policeman, say in Mr. Beach's presence that they were his (Hotter's) tracks."

Another witness to this conversation, the Sheriff said, was Edward Smith of New York, a friend of the Beach family.

A. K. Lorenson, editor of a local paper, testified that he examined the Beach premises the night of the assault and found evidences of a struggle in the side yard. He said he was with the chief of police when the latter found the earrings and comb belonging to Mrs. Beach, and the blood-stained fence picket. He said one of the earrings was washed. He expressed the opinion they were paste and worth about \$2.

On cross-examination the witness said he thought a blow from the fence picket on the side of a woman's head would have been sufficient to knock the earrings from her ear.

"But it wouldn't knock out the earring on the other side of her head," said "C Q" asked Prosecutor Hunter.

"Not likely," replied the witness.

Rural Policeman S. E. Holly, the next witness, was asked if he had any conversation with Beach the night of the

assault about the value of the earrings afterward found.

"Yes, Beach said his wife had lost a pair of earrings. He said he did not know their exact value, but they were worth about \$400 or \$500," replied Holly.

## SAYS HE SAW NEGRO ON BEACH'S GROUNDS.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Feb. 5.—A. B. Call, professional long distance walker and runner, stopping with friends here today said he saw the negro man, but he agreed that he was on the grounds of Frederick O. Beach's home at Aiken, S. C., the night of Feb. 28, 1912, when Mrs. Beach was the victim of a murderous attack, for which her husband is at present on trial.

Call has written to Beach offering to go to Aiken to testify. Call says he saw a negro run from the Beach grounds the night of the attack. Call says he was on a long distance walk from Savannah, Ga., to Boston, and passed through Aiken on the night of the attack on Mrs. Beach. He stopped to rest on the grounds of a private residence which he is sure was the Beach place. He fell asleep and was awakened by a negro running over him. He grabbed for the man, but he escaped. There was an uproar on the grounds and Call, thinking a burglar hunt was on, thought it best to make himself scarce, and so hurried out of the town.

"I heard nothing more of the case," said Call, "until I saw a newspaper at Norfolk, Va., nearly two weeks later. I read the story of the Beach assault and concluded it was the same case that I had witnessed part of at Aiken."

BOARDER, ARRESTED DEMANDED ONE MORE SUPPER AND HE GOT IT

"Take Good Care of My Nephew" He Said to Landlady He Had Not Paid.

After the deputy sheriffs had arrested one of her lodgers at her request Mrs. Louise Cesar, who runs a rooming house at No. 58 West Sixty-eighth street, last night served supper to the prisoner, Landon Reeder, his nephew and the two deputies who were waiting to take Reeder to Ludlow street Jail.

Mrs. Cesar alleged in her affidavit to Justice LaFetra of the City Court that Reeder had boarded with her since last September and by falsely representing himself to be possessed of considerable personal property, had run up a board bill of \$571.50.

When the Deputy Sheriffs served their order on Reeder in his room he immediately sent for Mrs. Cesar.

"I don't think you have done right in this matter," he said to her, "but let that pass. Will you have my supper sent up immediately, please? and you gentlemen will join me."

The deputies insisted they had just eaten, but when the maid arrived with the supper for Reeder and his nephew there was an extra pot of tea and some cakes for them. Reeder chatted pleasantly and when through sent again for Mrs. Cesar.

"I want you to take good care of Robert while I am away," he said, referring to his nephew. "Don't forget fruit for his breakfast to-morrow, and perhaps you had better send some fruit to the house to-night so it will be there if he wants it."

"Certainly, I will look after Robert," said Mrs. Cesar, feelingly.

"Well, you had better be back to-morrow night," Reeder called to her as he left the house with a deputy on each side.

"Goodbye," responded Mrs. Cesar.

THE CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

The following were the highest, lowest and last prices of stocks for the day and the change as compared with yesterday's closing prices: Vol.

Amal. Copper..... 22 1/2 21 1/2 1/2 - 1/2

Am. Beet Sugar..... 27 1/2 27 1/2 1/2 - 1/2

Am. Can. & Pac..... 35 35 35 1/2 - 1/2

Am. Can. & Pac..... 35 35 35 1/2 - 1/2

Am. Can. & Pac..... 35 35 35 1/2 - 1/2

Am. Can. & Pac..... 35 35 35 1/2 - 1/2

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